

MULTIMEDIA



UNIVERSITY

STUDENT ID NO

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TABLE NO

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MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2019/2020

TDS2201 – STATISTICAL DATA ANALYSIS

(All sections / Groups)

7 MARCH 2020
2:30 pm – 4:30 pm
(2 Hours)

| Question | Marks |
|----------|-------|
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | |
| Total | |

INSTRUCTION TO STUDENT

1. This question paper consists of 9 printed pages (inclusive of the front page) with 4 questions only. A formula sheet is attached (page 9).
2. The distribution of marks for each question is given. Attempt **ALL FOUR** questions. Show **ALL** of your working steps clearly.
3. Please write your **student ID** and **table no** in the space at the top right corner on this front page.
4. Please write all your answers in the space provided for each question in this question paper.

Question 1 (10 Marks)

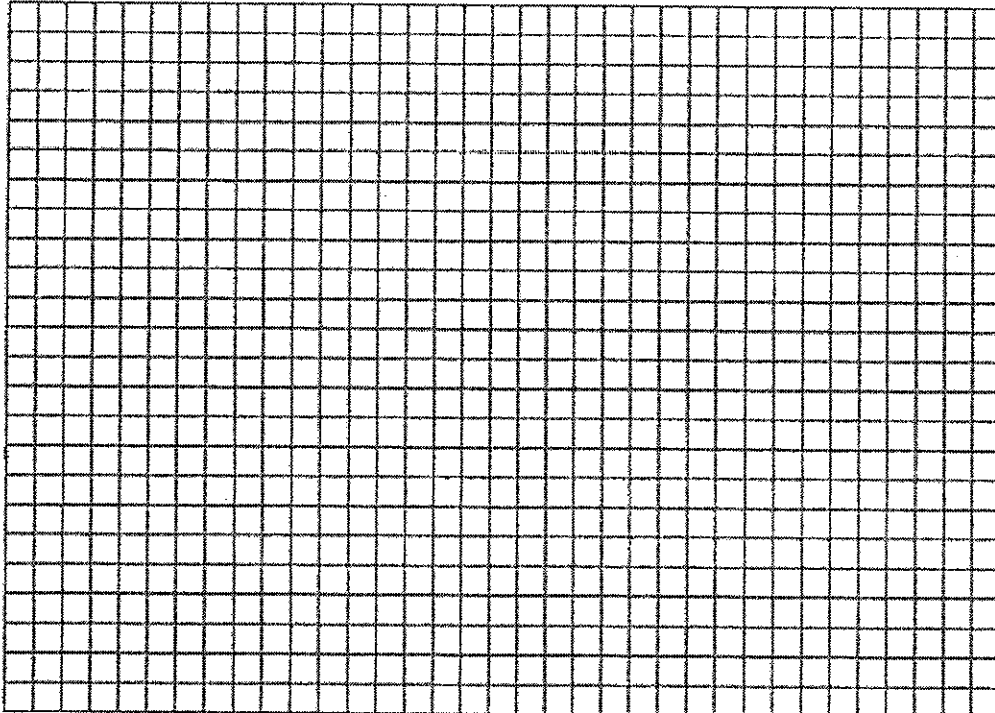
- a) Given is sodium content (mg) per 2 tablespoon served in 10 different peanut butters:

120, 85, 140, 80, 150, 175, 335, 110, 220, 450

- i) Determine the empirical quantile and the Normal distribution theoretical quantile of the data. [2 marks]

| i | Probability (p_i) | Theoretical quantile (π_{p_i}) | Empirical quantile |
|-----|--------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | | | |
| 2 | | | |
| 3 | | | |
| 4 | | | |
| 5 | | | |
| 6 | | | |
| 7 | | | |
| 8 | | | |
| 9 | | | |
| 10 | | | |

- ii) Sketch a quantile-quantile plot for the data at the graph paper given below. Make sure your graph is readable. Label your axis. [2 marks]



... Continued

- iii) Is the data normally distributed? Explain your answer. [2 marks]

- v) Comment on the shape of distribution of data. [1 mark]

- iv) Construct a stem-and-leaf graph to verify your answer in v). Use unit of 100 in stems and truncate leaves to unit of 10. [1 mark]

- b) The defect of an automobile part in certain model is a random variable with mean 5.5 and standard deviation 4.1. Among 50 randomly selected cars of this model, how likely is that the sample average of major defects exceeds 6? [2 marks]

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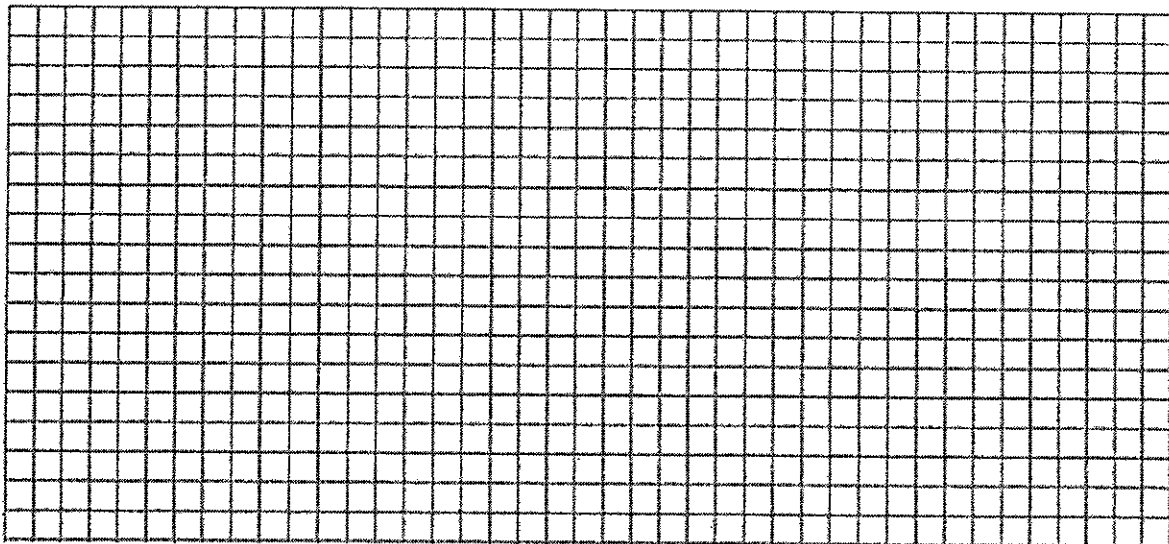
Question 2 (10 Marks)

Exposure of microbial products especially endotoxin may have an impact on vulnerability of allergic diseases. The following data on endotoxin concentration (EU/mg) in settle dust for one sample of urban home and another of farm home are given as follows:

Urban: 6, 5, 11, 33, 4, 5, 80, 18, 35, 17
 Farm: 4, 14, 11, 9, 9, 8, 4, 17, 5, 8,
 11, 9, 3, 2, 1

- a) For each sample, find the mean, median, quartiles, interquartile range and list all the outliers if exists. [6 marks]

- b) Sketch the comparative boxplot for the above data. Draw your boxplot horizontally and label your axis. [2 marks]



... Continued

- c) Comments on the similarities and differences shown on the comparative boxplots of endotoxin concentrations on urban and farm homes. [1 mark]

- d) From a) to c) explain why the sample mean of endotoxin concentration of urban home so much different from its median? [1 mark]

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Question 3 (10 Marks)

Table below is the estimated repair costs from two workshops A and B on 9 defective items.

| Item | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Workshop A | 17.6 | 20.2 | 59.5 | 71.3 | 83.0 | 26.3 | 45.7 | 12.2 | 18.5 |
| Workshop B | 17.3 | 19.2 | 61.5 | 74.5 | 81.2 | 24.7 | 43.2 | 11.3 | 19.1 |

Assume that each of the estimated cost is approximately normally distributed.

- a) Construct a 95% confidence interval to determine any significant differences in their repair costs. Justify your answer. [5.5 marks]

... Continued

- b) The standard deviation on the difference in repair cost between workshops A and B is $\sqrt{2}$. Based on the above data, do you think that $\sigma > \sqrt{2}$? State and test the relevant hypothesis using 0.05 level of significance. [4.5 marks]

... Continued

Question 4 (10 marks)

Given is the data on the height and weight of 10 randomly selected students in Multimedia University

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Height (cm) | 170 | 150 | 140 | 175 | 180 | 155 | 148 | 160 | 173 | 163 |
| Weight (kg) | 70 | 60 | 45 | 90 | 92 | 51 | 48 | 65 | 80 | 74 |

- a) The weight and height of students are assumed to be linearly related. Fit the regression model for those two variables. [2 marks]

- b) What happened to the weight if the height of a student is increased by 1 cm? [1 mark]

- c) Estimate the average weight when the average height is 155 cm. Calculate the residual of weight at this average height. [2 marks]

- d) How much variability of weight can be explained by average height? Write down the notation and name of statistic you used to answer this question. [2 marks]

- e) What is the assumption on residual when we fit a linear regression model? What plot can be used to check this assumption? Under what condition of the plot we conclude that the assumption is not violated? [3 marks]

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Formula Sheet

Confidence Interval

$$1) \quad \bar{x} \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$2) \quad \bar{x} \pm t_{\alpha/2}(n-1) \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$3) \quad \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2 \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$$

$$4) \quad \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2 \pm t_{\alpha/2}(n_1 + n_2 - 2) \times s_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}, \quad s_p^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$$

$$5) \quad \bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2 \pm t_{\alpha/2}(v) \times \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}, \quad v = \frac{(w_1 + w_2)^2}{\frac{w_1^2}{n_1 - 1} + \frac{w_2^2}{n_2 - 1}}, \quad w_i = \frac{s_i^2}{n_i}$$

$$6) \quad \hat{p} \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}\hat{q}}{n}}$$

$$7) \quad \hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2 \pm Z_{\alpha/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1\hat{q}_1}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2\hat{q}_2}{n_2}}$$

$$8) \quad \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi_{\alpha/2}^2(n-1)} < \sigma^2 < \frac{(n-1)s^2}{\chi_{1-\alpha/2}^2(n-1)}$$

$$9) \quad \frac{s_1^2}{s_2^2} \frac{1}{f_{\alpha/2}(v_1, v_2)} < \frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2} < \frac{s_1^2}{s_2^2} f_{\alpha/2}(v_2, v_1)$$

Test of Significance

$$1) \quad \text{Test statistics} = \frac{\text{sample estimate} - \text{null value}}{\text{standard deviation of sample estimate}}$$

$$2) \quad X^2 = \sum \sum \frac{(O_{ij} - E_{ij})^2}{E_{ij}}$$

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